

SUPPORT SYSTEM FOR RACK ELEMENTS

5 Background of the Invention:

Field of the Invention:

The invention relates to a support system for rack elements having a support element and a hanging element. The support element has an upwardly projecting suspension rail and the
10 hanging element has a slot by which the hanging element can be plugged on to the suspension rail.

A rack-support system of the generic type is known from U.S. Patent No. 5,110,080 which provides a retaining strip that can
15 be installed horizontally on a wall or a corresponding surface and in which hanging bars can be suspended vertically.

Furthermore, horizontal supports for shelves of a rack can be fastened onto the hanging bars.

20 The retaining strip here has a bottom edge that is curved obliquely upward, in order for it to be possible for correspondingly shaped slots on the hanging bars to be plugged thereon. The retaining strip also has a top edge, which is bent obliquely downward and is configured such that a
25 suspended hanging bar cannot be drawn off from the bottom edge. This configuration prevents the hanging bar from being

detached in an undesirable manner from the retaining strip, for example as a result of an unintentional thrusting movement, and thus prevents the entire rack from possibly falling apart.

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In order for the hanging bar to be plugged onto the bottom edge of the retaining strip and removed therefrom, the top edge is provided with additional cutouts. This form of retaining strip, however, is associated with increased
10 production outlay. It is also disadvantageous that, during assembly of a rack, it is only possible for the hanging bar to be plugged onto the positions which are predetermined by the cutouts, and then to be pushed laterally, via the bottom edge, to a desired location. This renders assembly, in particular
15 with a multiplicity of hanging bars, complicated and time-consuming. It is also the case that the operation of exchanging an individual hanging bar proves, in certain circumstances, to be a lengthy one if, in the first instance, adjacent hanging bars have to be displaced and, if
20 appropriate, removed.

Summary of the Invention:

It is accordingly an object of the invention to provide a support system for rack elements which overcomes the above-
25 mentioned disadvantages of the prior art devices of this

general type, which is distinguished by a more straightforward configuration and more flexible handling.

With the foregoing and other objects in view there is

5 provided, in accordance with the invention, a support system for rack elements. The support system contains a support element having an upwardly projecting suspension rail with a given curvature, and a hanging element having a slot formed therein and by the slot the hanging element can be plugged
10 onto the suspension rail. The slot has a curvature corresponding to the given curvature, with which the hanging element can be plugged onto the suspension rail by a rotary movement.

15 According to the invention, the support system contains the support element with the upwardly projecting suspension rail and the hanging element that has a slot, by which the hanging element can be plugged onto the suspension rail. The suspension rail has a curvature, and the slot of the hanging
20 element has a corresponding curvature, with the result that the hanging element can be plugged onto the suspension rail, and removed therefrom, by a rotary movement. The configuration secures the plugged-on hanging element against unintentional detachment from the suspension rail, for example
25 as a result of a thrusting movement. It is also the case that the hanging element can be plugged onto the suspension rail of

the support element at any desired location, thus providing for flexible handling. The support system is further distinguished by a straightforward construction.

5 In a preferred embodiment, the curvature of the suspension rail of the support element is configured in a radial direction. In contrast to configurations with a non-radial curvature, the slot of the hanging element in this embodiment may be provided with a small amount of play, with the result
10 that high stability of the plugged-on hanging element is achieved.

It is further preferred that the curvature of the suspension rail of the support element covers a sector of a circle of at
15 least 30°. This results in the plugged-on hanging element being secured in a reliable manner against accidental detachment.

In a further preferred embodiment, the support element is
20 produced from a sheet-metal strip, the suspension rail being formed by upwardly directed bending of a bottom edge of the sheet-metal strip. A support element that is configured in this way can be produced straightforwardly and cost-effectively from a metal sheet by using corresponding punching
25 and pressing machines.

According to a further preferred embodiment, the hanging element is provided with an oblique abutment surface, by which the hanging element can be positioned against the support element before being plugged onto the suspension rail. This
5 simplifies the plug-on operation since the hanging element is placed in a predetermined position on the suspension rail. This also makes it possible to avoid any deformation of the suspension rail during the plug-on operation as a result of incorrect positioning of the slot relative to the suspension
10 rail.

In accordance with an added feature of the invention, the hanging element has a U-shaped crossed section and is formed from two parallel side walls with a crosspiece located
15 therebetween. The side walls each have the slot formed therein and the crosspiece has cutouts formed therein for accommodating the rack elements.

In accordance with a further feature of the invention, the
20 support element has a substantially rectangular stamped portion disposed above the suspension rail. The stamped portion has cutouts formed therein for receiving screws, including countersunk head screws, for fastening the support element on a wall or on a corresponding surface.

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In accordance with another feature of the invention, the support element has a substantially U-shaped cross-section formed from two parallel side walls with a crosspiece disposed therebetween. The suspension rail is formed on each bottom
5 edge of one of the side walls.

Other features which are considered as characteristic for the invention are set forth in the appended claims.

10 Although the invention is illustrated and described herein as embodied in a support system for rack elements, it is nevertheless not intended to be limited to the details shown, since various modifications and structural changes may be made therein without departing from the spirit of the invention and
15 within the scope and range of equivalents of the claims.

The construction and method of operation of the invention, however, together with additional objects and advantages thereof will be best understood from the following description
20 of specific embodiments when read in connection with the accompanying drawings.

Brief Description of the Drawings:

Fig. 1 is a diagrammatic, side-sectional view of a support
25 system containing a support element and a hanging element configured as a hanging bar and has been plugged onto a

suspension rail of the support element according to the invention;

Fig. 2 is a side-sectional view of the support system

5 according to the invention, the hanging car butting against the support element in a rotated position;

Fig. 3 is a perspective view of the support system according to the invention and corresponds to Fig. 1;

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Fig. 4 is a perspective view of the support element according to the invention with a further embodiment of the hanging element, which is configured as a horizontal bearing support; and

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Fig. 5 is a perspective view of a further embodiment of the support element according to the invention with the hanging bar plugged on.

20 Description of the Preferred Embodiments:

Referring now to the figures of the drawing in detail and first, particularly, to Fig. 1 thereof, there is shown a side-sectional view of a support system according to the invention. The support systems contains a support element 1 and a hanging
25 element 3 which has been plugged onto the support element 1 and, in the present embodiment, is configured as a vertical

hanging bar 3. The support element 1 is produced cost-effectively from a sheet-metal strip and has a curved suspension rail 11, which is formed by a bottom edge of the sheet-metal strip being bent upward. The hanging bar 3 is
5 provided with a correspondingly shaped slot 31, with the result that the hanging bar 3 can be plugged onto the suspension rail 11 of the support element 1, and removed therefrom, by a rotary movement. The hanging bar 3 is thus secured in relation to accidental detachment as a result of an
10 upwardly directed thrusting movement.

The curvature of the suspension rail 11 of the support element 1 and of the slot 31 of the hanging bar are configured in a radial direction with a center point of a circle with a radius
15 R predetermined by the curvature ending up located on the front side of the support element 1. At the same time, the axis of rotation D of the rotary movement, as the hanging bar 3 is plugged on or removed, runs through the center point. The axis of rotation D is thus oriented perpendicularly to the
20 plane of the drawing in Fig. 1.

If a hanging element, like the hanging bar 3 shown in Fig. 1, has a top end section which projects beyond the axis of rotation D, then the end section has to be provided with an
25 oblique portion in order for it to be possible for the hanging element 3 to be plugged on and removed by a rotary movement.

In the case of the hanging bar 3 shown, the oblique portion functions, at the same time, as an abutment surface 32, as can be seen in Fig. 2.

5 The support element 1 has, above the suspension rail 11, an essentially rectangular stamped portion 12, which is provided with cutouts 13 in which it is possible to dispose screws, in particular countersunk head screws, for fastening the support
10 element 1 on a wall or a corresponding surface. The stamped portion 12 increases the buckling strength and torsional rigidity of the support element 1. Disposing the stamped portion 12 above the suspension rail 11 and the plugged-on hanging bar 3 allows straightforward installation or
15 adjustment of the support element 1 and tightening of the screws even with the hanging bar 3 plugged on.

As Fig. 2 shows, the hanging bar 3, in a rotated position, butts against the support element 1 by way of the abutment surface 32. The plug-on operation is simplified as a result
20 since the hanging bar 3 is automatically plugged onto the suspension rail 11 in the desired position.

In Fig. 2, the sector of a circle covered by the suspension rail 11 of the support element 1 is depicted by an angle of
25 rotation α . The angle α should be at least 30° , in order to make it possible for a plugged-on hanging element to be

secured in a reliable manner against unintentional detachment.

It is also the case, however, that the angle of rotation α should be no more than 45° in order to avoid the suspension rail 11 bending open as a result of excessive tensile forces when a hanging element is plugged on or removed. The maximum angle of rotation is preferably selected in dependence on the type of material and on the thickness of the material of the support element.

10 It is also conceivable to have configurations of the support system in which the suspension rail 11 of the support element 1 projects, in part, into the slot 31 of the hanging element 3 butting against the support element 1 by way of the abutment surface 32. This provides the hanging element 3 with
15 additional securing, since an additional translatory movement is necessary in order to remove the hanging element 3 from the suspension rail 11.

Fig. 3 shows a perspective illustration of the support system according to the invention that corresponds to Fig. 1. The support element 1 that is configured as a horizontal strip, is fastened on a wall by countersunk head screws 14. The use of countersunk head screws 14 gives the support element 1 a pleasing appearance.

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The hanging bar 3 has a U-shaped cross section and is formed from two parallel side walls 33, 33' with a crosspiece 34 located therebetween. The side walls 33, 33' are each provided with the slot 31 and an abutment surface 32, 32'. It is only the slot 31 of the front side wall 33 which is illustrated in Fig. 3. The crosspiece 34 has cutouts 35 for accommodating correspondingly shaped hooks of horizontal bearing supports, the cutouts 35 in the case of the present hanging bar 3, being configured as a series of double perforations. Of course, a corresponding embodiment with a series of single perforations is also conceivable.

Fig. 4 shows a perspective illustration of the support element 1 according to the invention with a further embodiment of a plugged-on hanging element 4 configured as a horizontal bearing support 4 for a rack shelf. The bearing support 4 also has a radially curved slot 41 and an oblique abutment surface 42.

Fig. 5 shows a perspective illustration of a further embodiment of a support element 2 according to the invention with the hanging bar 3 plugged on. The support element 2 has an essentially U-shaped cross section and is formed from two parallel side walls 22, 22' with a crosspiece 23 located therebetween, a suspension rail 21, 21' being formed on each

bottom edge of a side wall 22, 22'. The support element 2 can also be produced straightforwardly and cost-effectively from a sheet-metal strip.

5 In the case of the embodiment illustrated in Fig. 5, it is possible for hanging elements to be plugged on on both sides of the support element 2. The crosspiece 23 of the support element 2 functions as a bearing surface, by which the support element can be positioned on a supporting bar 5. In Fig. 5,
10 the supporting bar 5 is a square tube. It is also conceivable, however, to have embodiments of the support element with a semicircular or round crosspiece, with the result that the support element can be positioned on a circular or round supporting bar.